## Transesophageal Echocardiography (TEE) Indications, Privileges and Procedure

- 1. Cardiac arrest using CASA (Cardiac Arrest Sonographic Assessment)
- 2. Intubated patients if TTE views inadequate
- 3. Visit <a href="www.kaweahem.com/ultrasound">www.kaweahem.com/ultrasound</a> to review: <a href="www.5minsono.com/TEE">www.5minsono.com/TEE</a> <a href="www.pie.med.utoronto.ca/TEE/"www.openanesthesia.org/course-in-basic-tee/"www.pie.med.utoronto.ca/TEE/"www.openanesthesia.org/course-in-basic-tee/"www.pie.med.utoronto.ca/TEE/"www.openanesthesia.org/course-in-basic-tee/"www.pie.med.utoronto.ca/"www.pie.med.utoronto.c

## Kaweah Delta Medical Center TEE privilege requirements:

- 1. Credentialed in TTE emergency ultrasound
- 2. Complete 2 hours of TEE specific CME or didactics/web-based info and 1 hour of Sim
- 3. Do 10 TEE exams (max of 5 can be Sim). Submit these 10 cases to medical staff.
- 4. Once given TEE privileges (ED/MEC/BOT), get proctored on 5 more (can be images/live).

## TEE Procedure (TEE should be in Room 20 cabinet, if not check the top of the Pyxis cabinet)

- 1. Cases: Text Dr. Hipskind at 559-287-1212 6am-9pm; he will reply if available
- 2. Technique:
  - a. Pre-insertion: No contra-indications, intubate, paralyze, probe gel & green bite block
  - b. Components (do not lock with the level and no need to use the little wheel)
    - i. Big wheel: ante-flex and retro-flex
    - ii. Omni-plane buttons rotate beam clockwise and counter-clockwise
    - iii. Manually advance or retract and rotate probe towards right and left
- 3. 11\* views comprise the basic TEE series (optional, do **bolded** ones while performing CASA)
- 4. Mid-esophageal (ME) 4 chamber (used for CASA pulse checks)
  - a. Advance probe to about 30 to 40 cm until it is behind the LA
  - b. Omni 0<sup>0</sup> to 20<sup>0</sup> so it is parallel to diaphragm, +/- slight retroflexion
- 5. \*ME 2 chamber view (omni 90°): LA and LV
- 6. ME long axis (LAX) (used for CASA chest compression assessment)
  - a. Keep probe at same depth and increase multiplane to  $120^{0}$   $140^{0}$
  - b. Keep MV in center of screen and AV to right of screen
- 7. \*ME Ascending Aorta LAX: omni 90°- 110°, withdraw probe from ME LAX (dissection)
- 8. \*ME Asc Aor short axis view (SAX): omni  $0^{0}$   $30^{0}$  (dissection/PE)
- 9. \*ME Aortic Valve (AV) SAX: omni to  $30^{\circ}$   $40^{\circ}$ , advance probe from ME Asc SAX; AV
- 10. \*ME Right Ventricle Outflow: omni to 60°; TV, PV, ROT and RV inferior free wall
- 11. \*ME Bi-caval (IVC on left and SVC on right of screen)
  - a. Advance probe, rotate probe right, omni 90 120<sup>0</sup>
  - b. Volume status, atrial septal defect

## 12. Trans-gastric short axis (similar to TTE PSAX)

- a. Rotate probe left, omni to  $0^0$  and advance probe 40 to 50 cm, +/-ante-flex
- b. Use for regional wall motion abnormalities and septal flattening
- 13. \*Desc Aor SAX: omni to 0°; rotate probe left; descending aortic dissection
- 14. \*Desc Aor LAX: omni to 90°
- 15. Place probe in tray, put red cover over tray, and call x2675 for pick-up and cleaning